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ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT Year 2018-19



Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha



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Message from the desk of Chief Executive

It gives me great pleasure to introduce annual report of Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha (USS) for the year 2018-19 which highlights our initiatives, learnings and achievements over the course of the past one year. The report showcases the outcomes and impacts of the projects and programmes and the report offers a panoramic view of our activities to the reader. The development initiatives under different programs have impacted the lives of the people in many ways and this report describes the achievements and learnings of USS.

Project on conservation linked livelihood promotion, in association with Tata Education Trust, Mumbai, agriculture and its allied based enterprise development programs through support of National Agriculture Bank for Rural Development (NABARD) culminated in a fruitful impacts by reviviving traditional livelihood, building capacities of local people, social development of women in Himalayan mountain villages where communities don't have other option of livelihood and it is pushing and pulling migration trend. Still a lot need to do for the sustainability of these development initiatives by building capacity of farmers on market dynamics of agriculture commodities and strengthening farmers to make them competitive in the market. So this year we have been able to promote a farmer producer organization (FPO) to organize production and marketing of agri produces by organizing unorganized farmers into federation through the support of NABARD.

It has been a satisfying year for USS, as we continue to grow and mature as an organization and our horizons have broadened and we have gained new experiences which have both widened and deepened our understanding on social realities. In this process of growth, our partners have had a vital role to play, and I extend my sincere gratitude to Sir Dorabji Tata trist (SDTT), Jamshedji Tata Trust (JTT), Tata Education Trust (TET), National Agriculture Bank for Rural Development (NABARD), Uttarakhand Biodiversity Board and all line departments for their unstinting support.

I would also like to especially thank the Board of the USS for their guidance and support, commitment of our team members, upon whose efforts the foundation of our success is built.

We look forward to a new chapter in our journey to the development next year.

(Rajendra Pant) Chief Executive

CHAPTER- I

About organization

Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha (USS) is an Indian NGO registered under the Society Registration Act and is Uttarakhand based grass root development organization promoted by a group of development professionals in 2002. Since then organization has been working in Uttarakhand with the dual objectives of conservation and socioeconomic empowerment of marginal communities through enterprise development. These objectives are derived from the premise that, when local communities secure economic and managerial control over their natural resources and have access to necessary information and technical and financial support, they will have the incentive to work actively toward the long-term conservation of these resources.

This premise continues to inform USS strategy to assist village communities in the Himalayan state of Uttarakhand in conserving their natural resources and biodiversity while developing economic opportunities through non-timber forest product and other agriculture based enterprises, utilizing natural resources in an equitable, economically and environmentally sustainable manner. Presently it has reached to the 2751 families in the most backward and remote 206 villages/ tilt of 04 blocks of Pithoragarh district, 3 block Champwat district & 3 block Bageshwar district The direct coverage in agriculture improvement programme is with an additional indirect reach to 6000 families through various other outreach programmes.

As it is proved that women are the backbone of hill economy, where male folk migrate to the cities in the search of job and women are left in the villages. So USS focuses the marginal communities to generate alternative systems of livelihood. As the social fabric in mountain is strongly bounded so works toward strengthening of community based organizations (CBOs) play critical role in natural resource management so one of the core area of the organization is to build the capacity of these village based institutions like Shelf help groups, Farmer Clubs, Van Panchayats (VPs) etc so that they could have managerial control over natural resources and biodiversity of local regions.

Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha has derived its mission statement as "*To generate alternative systems of livelihood for the poor and marginalized, leading to their economic and social empowerment as well as improved quality of life in poverty pockets and regions of absolute poverty in India.*"

GOALES

- Promoting economic development through small enterprises combined with the strengthening of village community institutions.
- Through training and capacity building, expanding local capacity to take up income generation activities and small enterprises.
- Strengthening community based institutions Van Panchayats, Mahila Mangal Dals, and Self Help Groups to increase their capacity in managerial control on natural resources
- Increase awareness of local community on health, education, environment, technologies, improved practices and services for sustainable enterprise development.
- Conservation of local culture, value and beliefs system and promoting eco tourism

Coverage area: 201 villages in District Pithoragarh

CHAPTER- II

Program and activities

Promotion of Self Help Groups

Trainings and capacity building programs are conducted for the households to organize them into SHGs. Groups are trained and their capacity is built on operational and financial capabilities. So far USS has promoted 171 SHGs and are in the process of bank linkages through help of NABARD and Tata Trust, Mumbai. Groups are engaged in saving and credit activities and are linked to the bank. So far organization has trained more than 1540 members of SHGs and JLGs on microfinance. Details of the CBOs,

S	Particula	rs	Total	Memb	Total	Bank	SHGs	Preferred
Ν			No.	ership	Saving (linkage/CCl/Loan	Inter	enterprise/Activitie
				•	Rs In Lacs)		loan Rs	· ·
1.	Self H	lelp	171	1184	16.13	60 Shgs CCI Likage	13.10	KCC- Agricultural
	Groups					Loan limit Rs	Lacs	inputs and
	(Women)					10.85 Lacs,		Egipment Power
	(women)					Power trilar &		
						Thrusure Loan- 3.31		trilar, Thrusure
						Lacs Total credit Rs		
						11.86 Lacs		
2.	Farmer Cl	ubs	69	1267	-	-	-	
3.	Joint Liability		102	408	-	1.50 Crore	-	Goatry &
	Groups							Agricultural
Total 342 285		2859	16.13	1.50 crore	13.10			
Page # 4 Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha (USS), Muwani, Pithoragarh, UK Lacs								
	www.uttarapathindia.org							

promoted by USS are given below.

Promotion of Farmer Clubs

Similarly 69 farmer clubs with a membership of 1260 have been promoted in project villages by the support of National Agriculture Bank for Rural Development (NABARD) to have access over development schemes of government's line departments. Trainings and agricultural inputs are provided to the farming community through liasioning with line departments and as an output of this program, government development schemes extended to the remote villages of District Pithoragarh.

Promotion of Joint Liability Groups (JLGs)

One of the major achievements of USS is to promote 102 Joint Liability Groups (JLGs) through the support of NABARD. The purpose of promoting JLGs is to increase the access of farmers over finance so that farmers could have finance to developing enterprises in villages since agriculture and its allied sectors are the main source of income of the farmers but due to lack of capital farmers are unable to invest into the primary sector to initiate enterprise development programs in rural area. The major indicator of the success of the program is to avail a gross loan of Rs. 1.27 crore and nett loan Rs 1.50 crore by farmers and goatery found to be the most preferable activity.

Trainings and technical inputs are provided to the enterprising farmers through convergence with line department and as an impact of this initiative; many farmers have initiated enterprise and earning good income. It has spread a positive message among the farming community and now farmers are coming forward to take up enterprise development activity.

Training on income generation activity and enterprise development Spices and Handicraft Promotion

Increasing capacities of local communities to harvest, process and market the local

resources in sustainable way is one of the core objectives of training and capacity building. Under the different livelihood promotional projects, producers are selected from self help groups and farmer Clubs and their capacity is built to produce quality products. Inputs and technical support is provided to the producers. The horticultural



produces (spices like Turmeric) of primary farmers are build capacity towards crop management, post harvesting and value addition concepts also like (processing,

packaging, marketing etc). linked to the local market through a regional supply chain of market platform.

Subject specific trainings in Ringal and bamboo craftbase value chain development in qualitative fancy products manufacturingorganized for the artisansand Shgs members

during the year. and results has come to sale with the value of Rs 10.11 Lacs to relevant institutions, in exhibitions (State and District level) and retail from the outlet of FPO Cooperative So



an opportunity of income to farmer created. (see the photos)

Ringal being a green alternative to plastic as got immense scope and provides great livelihood option to the artisans and craftsmen. With the aim of promoting bamboo and ringal handicrafts making by the local community, Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha has been



working with the community since the last 3 years.

Three phases trainings to craftsmen of both gender, on making market relevant and utility related ringal and bamboo products were given as In the 1st phase on making dustbin, hotcase, fruit basket, conical design, hanging lamp set, service basket, tray, clock, pen standetc. In the 2nd phase, with an

aim for value addition trained about painting the finished ringal and bamboo products to fetch better prices, increased acceptability and demand and penetration to upper level markets and In the 3rd and final phase, product making with fibber viz., *Bheemal, Bhang, Rambans* etc, from Resham etc.

Organized marketing system will provide a platform to the producers to sell their produces and it will bring back the agriculture into main stream in project area

However, in a recent development, Farmer Producer Organization (FPO) has been promoted in project area by involving primary producers to organize production and marketing of agri produces. The program is being supported by National Agriculture Bank for Rural Development.

CHAPTER- II

Livelihood programs Vegetable and cash crop production

Local farmers were engaged in traditional farming resulting in meager income from

agriculture and increased drudgery of women farmers. Under Small Grant Program of Sir Dorabji Tata Trust (SDTT), Mumbai, USS had initiated cash crop production and promoted low cost modern technologies with women SHGs' members and services i.e. training and capacity building, improved seed, modern cultivation practices and technologies of



cash crops were provided to the farmers to increase income from farming activities. Also through convergence with line departments such as Krishi Vigyan Kendra , Agriculture, horticulture, Animal husbandry, RCT etc series of trainings were conducted to the farmers on vegetable cultivation, organic farming, agriculture marketing and inputs like seed and technologies for pulses and grains provided.Field level technical trainings have resulted in adoption of improved and modern technologies by large numbers of farmers and farmers have diversified agriculture system by adopting vegetable and cash crops and pulses.

/
e, Pea, Bingil, inger, garlic, chilly, tejpatta
il, Gahat, Urad
h

As a result of the program, more than 2751farmers are engaged in cash crop like turmeric, ginger, garlic, menthi, coriander, tejpatta, red chilly, onion, potato, tomato, capsicum, cabbage, pea etc. Also increase in production of pulses has been noticed in project area. Agri produces of the famers are being sold in the local markets through local supply chain and as well as cooperative. it has reduced the role of mediators who used to have maximum margin. Farmers have been aware about crop diversification and using modern agriculture practices to yield more income from farms. As a result of

the program, approximately 42 hectare area has been brought under cash crop production.

Spices production

Work in this sector was started after a careful assessment of livelihood pattern of the farming system and need of the farmers to increase their income with the support of Jamsetji Tata Trust, Mumbai. The findings of assessment indicated that production of certain can address the issues like labor intensive agriculture, menace of wild animal in agriculture land and low volume and high price of the agricultural commodities. Particularly in hill farming, cultivation of turmeric, ginger, garlic and tejpatta has several benefits such as it is less labour intense, quite remunerative to cultivators, allows for decentralized processing and eliminates the problem faced by field crops being destroyed by wild animals thus reopening the cultivation of fields that had previously been abandon.

From an initial small numbers of 250 producers today more than 2751 producers by engaged in cultivation of spices. Presently farmers are selling their farm produces into local markets through a regional supply chain but now farmers have been federated into cooperative and efforts are being made to organize the marketing system. In this direction, a cooperative (women) named **Sugandh Uttarapath Kisan SwayattaSahkarita** has been promoted in project area through the support of NABARD with a initial membership of 55 women farmers now today more than 300 women farmers joined the cooperative.

SN	Name of variety	No. of	No. of producers	Area covered in
		trials	growing	hectare
1.	Swarna	70	141	0.84
2.	Pant Pitab	120	243	1.67
3.	Local variety	30	25	0.24
Total		220	409	2.75

NurseryDevelopment and Plantation of Bamboo & Ringal Plantation



To meet the requirement of sapling for the plantation, nurseries have been developed in two different locations and 25 thousand of healthy sapling wereprovided for the plantation.

Bamboo plantation was done in 15 selected van

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panchayats and total 20508 Nos. of saplings of Himaltoni/Bamboosa, Strictus were planted in these selected sites including community land through mobilization of Van Panchayats. Regular meetings with CBOs and training and capacity building initiatives of the project have resulted in an average of 55 percentage survivability. A brief about the survivability has been given in below table.

Particulars	Unit	No. of plants	No. of	Survivability
		planted	plants	percentage
Van Panchayat	15	20508	11690	57
Community	17	5945	2716	46
Total	32	26453	14406	55 Average

Visit of external resource person is organized time to time to have insight to increase the survivability of the plants and as per the their recommendations the gap filling wok has done in this season. Similarly plantation of Bamboo was done in community land and as a result of training and capacity building initiatives, people have come forward to adopt and replicate the bamboo in their own land while earlier people have misperception about bamboo plantation. The demand of the local community has increased and so far 5945saplings of bamboo have been planted by community in their private land i.e. farm bunds, fallow land and pasture land.

Plantation of Commercial Tree (Tree Crop Farming)

Keeping in mind the backwardness of the agriculture in hills and meager income of the farmers, plantation of commercial tree has been promoted. Under this initiative 25727 saplings of Tejpatta, Walnet, Bheemal, Mulberry, Kathmoda, Queral and other ornamental plants planted in community land to meet the requirement of fodder, fiber, silk rearing and fuel and increase the income of the farmers in coming years. AsTejpatta is a commercial tree and in future in will help significantly in increasing the income of the farmers since Uttarakhand state is one the few states to supply Tejpatta. The details of variety wise plantation and survivability is given below.

USS helps dairy farming to evolve from subsistence to a commercial activity. A para-vet has been developed in the project area through convergence with Uttarakhand Livestock Development Board (ULDB) to provide artificial insemination and cattle health services to the farmers. Still 90 cattle are successfully artificial inseminated. Under the Tata Trust supported project "*Tree Crop Farming along with Ramganga River Valley in Lower Himalayas"* USS takes up plantation work every year and fodder species saplings are planted in private and community land to address the issue of fodder scarcity, one of the obstacles in dairy development program in mountain. Also convergence has achieved with Veterinary Department for the veterinary services by *Meet with the Expert Activity supported by Nabard*. So far approximately 15923 cattle have been vaccinated and treated.

Bamboo and Ringal base Value Chain Products Development Program

In Uttaranchal whereas only about 10% of the mountain region area is officially under cultivation, the rural population actually uses about 60% of the total area for sustaining local livelihoods. Most of this non-cultivated land falls in 67% of the total area legally



notified as forests. Through support of Tata Education Trust (TET), USS had started 'Tree Crop Farming' program to revive traditional resource management system of villages by strengthening Van Panchayats and provide them employment opportunities.

As Bamboo is a versatile group of plants which is capable of

providing ecological, economic and livelihood security to the people. Importance of the crop is as a source of raw material for industrial and domestic use with its growing demand all over the country necessitated its cultivation in farm lands as well. The main purpose of the program is to promote and disseminate technologies through a seamless blend of traditional wisdom and modern scientific knowledge to generate employment opportunities for skilled and unskilled persons, especially unemployed youth in villages. Area has huge potential for Bamboo promotion and traditionally large numbers of households are engaged in bamboo related artisan work.

Program is being implemented in 15 selected villages where bamboo is naturally available and is harvested for domestic purposes. The program has dual purpose to

manage the existing resources and develop biomass for bamboo handicraft and presently 1841 households from 17 villages are being covered under this program.

CHAPTER- III

Marketing of rural produces: Farmer Cooperative Model

Presently farmers are selling their produce to the local markets in semi processed form and opportunities are being explored for developing processing units so that farmers

could be able to market finished product through an organized marketing system. A farmer cooperative has been formed and registered under Self Reliant Cooperative Act 2003 through support of NABARD. Farmer cooperative is being strengthened to develop their



managerial capacity in organized marketing system. Presently farmers are selling their farm fresh produces and semi processed products through regional supply chain and some of the farmers are selling through mediators. The plan for future is to set up processing unit for finished products of spices and pulses. Under NABARD supported Promotion of Farmer Producer Organization (FPO) program, self reliant cooperative has been promoted in project area and now plan is to increase membership of members of cooperative.

Under this program, a processing and value addition unit has to be developed in project area where value addition and processing operations would be operated to convert farm produces into finished products. After packaging, branding and labeling operations, secondary and tertiary market will be explored to penetrate the finished products. This initiatives will create a milestone in the project area and farmers would be able to realize better price of their produces. Initially with a membership of 321women farmers, cooperative



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has been promoted and today the membership increased more than 321 women farmers.



Organized marketing system will provide a platform to the producers to sell their produces and it will bring back the agriculture into main stream in project area.

Ringal being a green alternative to plastic has got immense scope and provides great livelihood option to the artisans and craftsmen. With the aim of promoting bamboo and ringal handicrafts making by the local community,

Uttarapath Sewa Sanstha has been working with the community since the last 6-7 years. Specially regular trainings provided to traditional artisans from last 3 years on making market relevant and utility related fancy products of ringal and bamboo then later on women Shgs and co-operative members provided trainings. The result came women artisans also making some products and earning their income.



Demand, praise and acceptance of the finished products from the local market has been excellent. Product demand from various institutions both Government and Non Government have been coming on a regular basis. Initial result of the cooperative sale increased Rs 110827/- during the year.

From an initial small numbers of 250 producers today the programs has been working with more than 2751 producers by involving them in cultivation of spices (Turmeric, ginger, garlic, red chilly, menthe, coriander, tej patta) in 50 hacter land. Presently farmers are selling their farm produces into local markets through a regional supply chain and as a future strategy of the organization is to organize the production system and developing infrastructure for processing and product development by promoting producer organization cooperative promoted by USS.

CHAPTER- IV

Women empowerment and girl education

Uttarakhand, some of the worst gender ratios, indicating gross violation of women's rights are found and the situation is further worsened by lack of awareness among

women. Similarly, Pithoragarh is one of the districts in Uttarakhand where female ratio is very poor. So USS focuses on organizing awareness of community on concerned issues through the support of Uttarakhand Sewa Nidhi and so far 12 informal sangathan of women has been promoted in the area with a membership of 435 working women who will work as a pressure groups in the regions to bring awareness among community. In training and capacity building initiatives, following areas are covered to increase the awareness of women on following issues;

- Jal jangal jameen
- Panchayati raj
- Health and Education
- Education
- Human rights
- Right to Information
- Drug addiction
- Women literacy center

Under the program Women Literacy Centers are established in the villages to increase awareness on higher mother mortality rate (MMR) and infant mortality rate (INR) in remote villages, awareness programs are organized to bring awareness about the neo natal care, mother health and reproductive child health.

Adolescent education and awareness

Through the support of USNPSS, Almora groups of adolescent girls are promoted in remote villages to educate them on health, hygiene and social issues. Regular training are organized to the adolescent girls on life skills, education and career. So far 662 girls have been organized into 10 Kishori Sangthan (Adolescent girls groups) to increase their awareness about;

- Health
- Education
- Vocational training
- Social evils
- RTI

The purpose of the program is to change the mindset of adolescent girls of remote villages so that they could come forward into the main stream of development. Under this program Gram Sikshan Kendra are opened in the villages to provide a platform to the adolescent and women to increase their knowledge and awareness about vocational courses, career opportunities and other life aspects.

CHAPTER- V

Convergence with line departmentsand recent development

One of the core strength area of the organization is having good relations with line departments and consequently many farmers have been benefitted by linking them to the developmental schemes of governments and private agencies. The details of the convergence is given in below table.

SN	Line Department	Area of Convergence
1	District Cooperative Society	Discussed to provide information about demonstrative exhibitions, fairs and festivals. Also about providing incentives related to participation.
2	District Magistrate	Discuss about spice(turmeric) product and ringal bamboo made handicrafts specially about to use bamboo/ringal made dustbins and other office uses items in government offices. How to involved farmers and artisans with government schemes.
3	Agriculture Department	Improved seed, tools, vermin compost pits and other inputs. Promotion of system of rice intensification (SRI) technology with Paddy crop in 10 hactre. 6 Water harvesting ponds, agri tools 8 power weeder, 5 thrusure etc
4	Horticulture department	Trainings, Inputs and 1795 fruit plants
5	DepartmentofSericulture,GovtofUttarakhand(DOS)/CenterSilkBoard(CSB),Govt. of India.	5 5 ,
6	Veterinary Department	Vaccination of 6980 cattle and treatment of 8943 animals and 212 castration cases were done.
7	Uttarakhand Livestock Development Board (ULDB)	A para-vet has been developed in the project area through convergence with Uttarakhand Livestock Development Board (ULDB) to provide artificial insemination and cattle health services to the farmers. Still 90 cattle are successfully artificial inseminated.

-		
8	Bankers	Financial Inclusion and financial literacy.
9	KVK	Technical inputs and 3 project villages has been
-		
		adopted by KVK for the promotional of pules, cereals
		and oilseed crops
		and onseed crops
10	GB Pant Agriculture	Participated in Kisan Mela in GB Pant University.
	5	
	University of	
	Technology	
	Тесппоюду	
11	Center for Aromatic	Training and inputs to the farmers for cultivation of
	Plant, Govt. of	Aromatic Plants like Rose and Lemon Grass.
	Uttarakhand	
		Line with line dependences and severe with response

Organization is having good relations with line departments and consequently many farmers have been benefitted by linking them to the developmental schemes of governments and private agencies. Agriculture Department, Horticulture department, Veterinary Department, Department of Sericulture, Govt of Uttarakhand (DOS) /Center Silk Board (CSB), Govt. of India, Uttarakhand Livestock Development Board (ULDB), KVK, Bankers.

Department of Sericulture

Silk rearing centre sanctioned by Department of Sericulture, Govt. of Uttarakhand in

one of the project cluster and 150 more farmers associated with silk worm rearing program direct and indirect way. They have got inputs as plants, worms, trainings and silk worm rearing house etc total cost Rs 1.15 Lac each one. Production of silk initiated within cluster in large quantity.



3-4 years ago silk production cocoon (raw material) was 20 to 50 kg in one time of the



year, now it is reache about 5-6 quental in one time of the year and two production can be in the year easily the production cycle are Sept to Oct and March to April. The rate of the raw material in this year goes up to Rs 300 to 350 per kg. It means Rs 2.10 Lacs and for two production Rs 4.20 Lacs. And

averge income increased per farmer Rs 2800/- per year.Malbery (Sahtoot) plants 12 thousand appox with cost Rs 60 thousand supplied by our farmers to department of Sericulture to establish their own nursery and Kathmoda plants 2 thousand approx total value Rs 10 thousand also supplied by different farmers to collect from their own field.

During this reporting period, we organized awareness programmes by support of Nabard among 10 Farmer clubs in which 175 participants benefited by expert services of horticulture, sericulture, animal husbandry and banking departments.

Department of Agriculture

Agriculture equipments (power triller 8 nos, thrusure machine 5 nos) provided to progressive farmers of Shgs in 80 percent subsidy rates through mobilising special fund at district plan with effort of DDM Nabard, Pithoragarh.

Association with Uttarakhand Biodiversity Board, Govt. of Uttarakhand

Recently USS has been associated with Uttarakhand Biodiversity Board, Govt. of Uttarakhand for conservation linked development program under which documentation of flora, fauna, natural resources and people knowledge has to be done through participatory approach. The purpose of the program is to document the natural resources, available in the village and develop a strategy to conserve and protect it through developing plan with the National Biodiversity Conservation Authority, Govt. of India. For this purpose a team of technical experts is associated with the organization to work on this program with the closed cooperation of Department of Forest, Govt. of Uttarakhand. Under the program, People Biodiversity Register (PBR) has been developed in selected village. The program is aligning with the vision and mission of the organization and it would help USS to achieve its objective of conservation linked development.

Impacts

After implementation of this project, a significant impact can be seen in project areas. People have been awarded about conservation of natural resources and there management. In earlier time people did not grow in their farm bunds because of misperception. But now a days, are overcoming from this misperception. Cultivators have been demanding improved variety seeds of turmeric because traditional/local variety of turmeric does not producing impressive quantity of product. People are

learning how to work in a team and bonding among is increasing.

Reward and Present rewarded to best Farmer club of Village Kamtoli "**Bhumiya Kisan Club**" in Uttarakhand by Nabard UK on 12 July, 2016 rewarded to President of club.(see photos Mr Mohan Bhatt club president and Mr Pankaj Karki Uttarapath) by Chief



Minister Uttarakhand. This reward achieved only these parameters as good community mobilisation, repo with community, close monitoring, active participation, implementing convergences progms, transparency and dynamic efforts of Uttarapath team during the implementing of very useful prgm "*Tree Crop Farming along with Ramganga*

River Valley in Lower Himalayas." supported by Tata Trust, Mumbai and awareness prgm "Farmers Club Stenthening" supported by Nabard, UK.

Receiving reward from Chief Minister UK Mr Mohan Bhatt President of **Bhumiya Kisan Club**" Kamtoli and Mr Pankaj Karki Exicutive of Uttarapath.



A documentary above Club "Bhumiya Kisan Club of

Kamtoli" made by a team of professionals form Sristhi instituteBangalore on behalf of government of India.

Influences and attention toward progm – Uttarapath achieved a little bit goal in his Institutional mission "to enhancement of livelihood of farmers" by this progm as bamboo and ringal based fancy/modern articles made by our trained artisans and Shgs members. They are selling their product locally as well as exhibitions, but we make some efforts for marketing and visited to District Magistrate (DM) Pithoragarh Mr. H.C.Semwal, our eco friendly products and efforts appreciated by him heartily and initiated dustbins in his collected also and ensure us to purchase **dustbins and other office uses items** for almost all government offices and uttarapath should be a resource organization for the specific trainings and same communicate to officially.

Dissemination of Activities





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CHAPTER- VI

Human Resources

- Director-1
- Coordinator-2
- Accountant-1
- Field Exicutive-4
- Field Assistant-2

Facilities available with the organization

- One training hall with a capacity of 50 participants at a time
- Two motor bikes
- Laptop-1
- Desktop-3
- Printer-3
- Projector
- Camera
- Invertor
- GPS system

Our partners are

- Sir Dorabhji Tata Trust (SDTT)
- Jamshed Ji Tata Trust (JTT)
- Tata Education Trust (TET)
- National Agriculture Bank for Rural Development (NABARD)
- Uttarakhand Biodiversity Board, Govt. of Uttarakhand
- Center Silk Board (CSB) and Department of Sericulture (DOS)
- Uttarakhand Sewa Nidhii
- National Seed Corporation Ltd. (NSC), Govt. of India
- Uttarakhand Livestock Development Board (ULDB) Govt. of Uttarakhand
- Line departments, technical institutions and financial institutions